Day 1 Task 3: Quality of Living

Cities in Alberta tend to be laid out as rectangular grids of blocks. Blocks are labeled with coordinates 0 to **R**-1 from north to south and 0 to **C**-1 from west to east.

The quality of living in each particular block has been ranked by a distinct number, called *quality rank*, between 1 and **R*C**, where 1 is the best and **R*C** is the worst.

The city planning department wishes to identify a rectangular set of blocks with dimensions **H** from north to south and **W** from west to east, such that the median quality rank among all blocks in the rectangle is the best. **H** and **W** are *odd* numbers not exceeding **R** and **C** respectively. The *median quality rank* among an odd number of quality ranks is defined to be the quality rank **m** in the set such that the number of quality ranks better than **m** equals the number of quality ranks worse than **m**.

You are to implement a procedure **rectangle(R,C,H,W,Q)** where **R** and **C** represent the total size of the city, **H** and **W** represent the dimensions of the set of blocks, and **Q** is an array such that **Q[a][b]** is the quality rank for the block labeled **a** from north to south and **b** from west to east.

Your implementation of **rectangle** must return a number: the best (numerically smallest) possible median quality rank of an **H** by **W** rectangle of blocks.

Each test run will only call **rectangle** once.

Example 1

R=5, C=5, H=3, W=3,

```
Q=   5 11 12 16 25
    17 18  2  7 10
     4 23 20  3  1
    24 21 19 14  9
     6 22  8 13 15
```

For this example, the best (numerically smallest) median quality rank of 9 is achieved by the middle-right rectangle of **Q** shown in bold. That is,

`rectangle(R,C,H,W,Q)`=9

Example 2

`R`=2, `C`=6, `H`=1, `W`=5,
```
Q=  6  1  2 11  7  5
    9  3  4 10 12  8
```

For this example the correct answer is 5.

Subtask 1 [20 points]

Assume R and C do not exceed 30.

Subtask 2 [20 points]

Assume R and C do not exceed 100.

Subtask 3 [20 points]

Assume R and C do not exceed 300.

Subtask 4 [20 points]

Assume R and C do not exceed 1 000.

Subtask 5 [20 points]

Assume R and C do not exceed 3 000.

Implementation Details

- Use the [RunC programming and test environment](http://plg1.cs.uwaterloo.ca/~gvcormac/day1task3/)
- Implementation folder: /home/ioi2010-contestant/quality/ (prototype: [quality.zip](http://plg1.cs.uwaterloo.ca/~gvcormac/day1task3/))
- To be implemented by contestant: quality.c or quality.cpp or quality.pas
- Contestant interface: quality.h or quality.pas
- Grader interface: *none*

- Sample grader: `grader.c` or `grader.cpp` or `grader.pas`
- Sample grader input: `grader.in.1 grader.in.2` etc.
  Note: The first line of input contains: R,C,H,W The following lines contain the elements of Q, in row-major order.
- Expected output for sample grader input: `grader.expect.1 grader.expect.2` etc.
- Compile and run (command line): `runc grader.c` or `runc grader.cpp` or `runc grader.pas`
- Compile and run (gedit plugin): *Control-R*, while editing any implementation file.
- Submit (command line): `submit grader.c` or `submit grader.cpp` or `submit grader.pas`
- Submit (gedit plugin): *Control-J*, while editing any implementation or grader file.